RECRUITING DIVERSE RANGE STUDENTS FOR THE 21ST CENTURY

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Outline

- Main focus: How to recruit more students to range
  - What’s the problem?
  - Why do an undergraduate survey?
  - How was survey done?
  - Survey Results
  - Recommendations based on survey
  - Possible Action Steps

What’s the problem?

Tom Bedell’s survey of universities last year reveals trends in U.S. Range Graduates. 150 to 200 range graduates per year (2006 to 2009)

Bedell’s data showed very close agreement with data reported by NCES. The odds of getting a job in range and/or soils are much higher than wildlife or environ. sci.

Why choose Range Resources and Wildland Soils?

- Degrees conferred in 2007-2008, nationwide
- Avg. annual hires (changes 2008 to 2018 divided by 10 years)

Data from Bureau of Labor Statistics and National Center for Education Statistics
Why do an undergraduate survey?

- Range profession will never be broadly understood by the mass media and general public.
- We must focus our recruiting efforts.
- What does our target audience think?

How was the survey done?

- Survey questions created at Humboldt State University (HSU)
- Pilot tested and edited by Range Science Education Council members (Fall 2010)
- Approved for Human Subjects (IRB) at HSU and NMSU
- On-line Zoomerang Survey launched by e-mail to RSEC contacts October 28, 2010
- Follow-up e-mails and phone calls to states who hadn’t responded through December, 2010.

How was the survey done?

- Responses tracked and analyzed by Alissa Johnson at the California Center for Rural Policy (HSU)
- Comparisons between different geographic regions – no big differences
- Comparisons between “range” and “non-range” students

Survey Results - Demographics

States: high school and current university
228 responses total 110 male, 108 female
### Survey Results - Demographics

#### Community Size Where Range and Non-Range Majors Grew Up (percentage)

- **Range-related majors (164):**
  - Very Rural City (2,500 to 25,000): 30%
  - Larger city/Urban (>25,000): 25%
  - Other: 45%
- **Non-Range Majors (54):**
  - Very Rural City (2,500 to 25,000): 40%
  - Larger city/Urban (>25,000): 15%
  - Other: 45%

- About 80% (both groups) went straight to college from high school.
- Of the remaining 20%, about 55% worked and about 25% did military service.
- For their current college/university, about 60% entered as freshmen and 40% as transfers.

#### Youth Activities Before Attending College/University (% of each class)

- **Range (% of 137 respondents):**
  - Sports: 30%
  - Mt. climbing: 20%
  - Scout/Camp: 25%
  - Horse Club: 15%
- **Non-range (% of 41 respondents):**
  - Sports: 35%
  - Mt. climbing: 15%
  - Scout/Camp: 20%
  - Horse Club: 10%

### Range-specific Responses

#### Start in Range?
- 43% yes, 57% no

#### Changed major before (66%) or after (34%) taking a range class.

#### Why did you change to range? (could pick more than one reason)
- Career opportunities: 72%
- Unique major: 50%
- Location of work: 46%
- Friend’s influence: 36%
- Professor’s influence: 24%
- Family influence: 20%
- Other, variable reasons: 39%

#### How did range majors’ perceptions change after they became range majors?

- Changed for the better: 70%
- Didn’t change: 28%
- Changed for the worse: 2%

“I realized that range is an important factor in the world. It’s not just about grazing animals. It’s about understanding your landscape, plant species, soils, and wildlife, too. I feel that I have many job options when I graduate.”
Range-specific Responses

How can colleges/universities increase enrollments in range-related majors, based on your experience?

- 86 individual responses
  - 67 mentioned different kinds of outreach to communities, schools, students.
  - 25 mentioned the need for programmatic/curricular changes
  - 22 mentioned employment opportunities

Attractiveness of work

How do students learn about majors and careers?

Recruitment strategies

- Emphasize careers, outdoor work, vignettes of problems we solve.
- Continue outreach with friends, family, FFA.
- Continue to articulate and host community colleges.
- Use images of animals (e.g. horses and wildlife).
- Recruit heavily on campus.
- 15 second message, not 15 minute lecture
What we do now, what we could...

- Keep doing outreach
- Convert range courses to GE if possible
- Advertise on campus, enlist current range students
- Hold a “fun” social event to recruit on-campus
- Common range profession portal (website) that clearly points to individual programs
- See http://www.imanagronomist.net/created by Iowa State.

What can RSEC do?

- Make RSEC web page into a recruitment/information site on behalf of the range ecology and management profession
- Maintain organizational links for us to look at

Thank you. Questions?